

# Dive Into Data Science

## Use Python to Tackle Your Toughest Business Challenges

by Bradford Tuckfield

errata updated to print 1

Page	Error	Correction	Print corrected
8	For example, if you look up how much your company charges for one hour of bike usage, you can multiply that by the <b>mean</b> of the count column to get your total revenue over the two years covered by the data.	For example, if you look up how much your company charges for one hour of bike usage, you can multiply that by the <b>sum</b> of the count column to get your total revenue over the two years covered by the data.	Pending
134	<pre>allprediction=regressor.predict(np.array([allsentiment]).reshape(-1,1)) predictionerror=abs(allprediction-allsentiment) print(np.mean(predictionerror))</pre>	<pre>allprediction=regressor.predict(np.array([allsentiment]).reshape(-1,1)) predictionerror=abs(allprediction-y) print(np.mean(predictionerror))</pre>	Pending
178	<pre>print(re.search('Clarke?', 'Please refer questions to Mr. Clark').span())</pre> <p>In this case, we use the ? because we want to search for either Clark or Clarke, but <b>not for</b> Clarkee or Clarkeee or Clark with more e's.</p>	<pre>print(re.search('Clarke?', 'Please refer questions to Mr. Clark').span())</pre> <p>In this case, we use the ? because we want to search for either Clark or Clarke, but <b>we're not interested in finding the location of longer substrings like</b> Clarkee or Clarkeee or Clark with more e's.</p>	Pending